



Geography Topic: Knowledge of the World, the United Kingdom and Locality

Year 2

Term 6

Key Learning:

- Name and locate the world’s 7 continents and 5 oceans.
- Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding seas.
- Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied at this key stage
- Use simple compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational and directional language [for example, near and far, left and right], to describe the location of features and routes on a map
- Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features; devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key
- Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment

Key Facts

There are seven continents in the world.

The UK is in the continent of Europe.

Kent is a country in the United Kingdom.

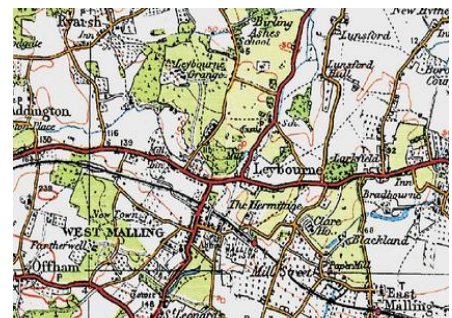
Leybourne is in Kent.



The UK



Kent



Leybourne

Key Vocabulary and Knowledge

Union	means joined together.
City	a large town.
Country	an area of land that is controlled by its own government.
Farm	an area of land used to produce crops or to breed animals and livestock.
Hill	a naturally raised area of land, which is not as high as a mountain.
Hotel	a place that provides somewhere to sleep and eat for guests.
House	a building designed for people to live in.
Human Features	features of land that have been impacted by human activity.
Landscape	everything you can see when you look across an area of land, including hills, rivers, buildings, trees, and plants.
Physical Features	natural features of land
Tourist	a person who is visiting a place for pleasure and interest, especially when they are on holiday.

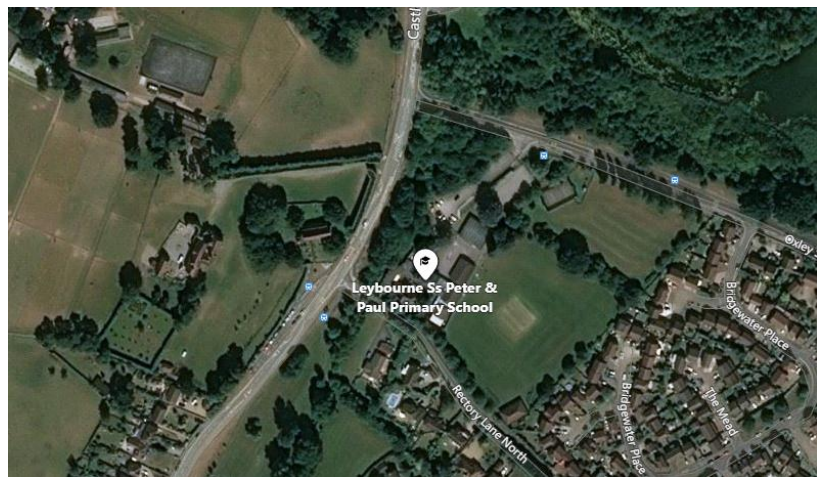
Town	a large group of houses, shops and buildings where people live and work. Towns are larger than villages but smaller than cities.
Aerial view	a view from above
Village	a small group of houses, perhaps with a few shops, that are often in the countryside. Leybourne is a village.
Surrounded	to be present all around.
Route	a way from one place to another.
Physical geography	natural features of land.
Human geography	features of land that have been impacted by human activity.
Floor plan	the layout of rooms on one floor of a building grounds the land around a building.

Key information: Leybourne

Leybourne is a small village in Kent, England situated off Junction 4 of the M20 Motorway. Leybourne is adjacent to Larkfield and West Malling. Historically, the area was extensively quarried, leaving a number of flooded gravel pits. These have recently been developed into Leybourne Lakes Country Park, and a housing development.

Despite its small size, Leybourne Church has a long history. The church was built in Saxon times but the church building was changed greatly in 1874. The Leybourne history started when the ancestor of the Leybourne family came over with William the Conqueror from France.

Leybourne has a primary school a church, 13th-century castle (dating back to Norman times), hairdressers, shop, newsagent and general store, village hall, pub/restaurant (The Old Rectory) and a Brewers Fayre restaurant and motel.



An Aerial view of Leybourne S.S Peter and Paul Primary School